Who should I contact if I am interested or want more information about the care that adolescents and young adults with cancer are undergoing? A group discussion will be held to choose which aspects of cancer care are most important. A group discussion will be held to choose which aspects of cancer care are most important.

Research shows that many people think about this situation even when their family members are not currently undergoing treatment. The discussion will be facilitated by Erika Lundgren, MSW, LICW.

Caring for a cancer patient is challenging and can often feel isolating. This will be a safe and confidential space for caregivers to connect with each other. Young Onset Colorectal Cancer Caregiver Support Group.

Upcoming dates:
- April 14th
- May 12th

Sign up for the upcoming support group meeting by replying to this email or calling 617-632-2459. Zoom login after you sign up.

Scientists here at Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, along with researchers at the T.H. Chan School of Public Health, have found that people who consumed more than 300 IU of vitamin D daily had a 56% lower risk of young-onset colorectal cancer and polyps. In the discussion of her study, Dr. Ng says, “We found that total vitamin D intake of 300 IU per day or more – roughly equivalent to three 8-oz. glasses of milk – was associated with a decreased risk of young-onset colorectal cancer and polyps.

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